



WHO Emergency Humanitarian Program Situation Report

Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and FATA

Week 26

Date: June 24- 30, 2012

1. Situation around IDP hosting districts

A: Situation in “Jalozai” IDP camp, Nowshera district

WHO along with health cluster partners and provincial health authorities lead the emergency health response for the displaced IDPs in Jalozai camp and IDPs living in host communities of district Nowshera.

Population:

Till 30th June, 2012 Jalozai IDP camp hosts 12,583 families with 60,227 individuals. 57,251 families with 262,569 individuals are living in off communities.

Alerts and Consultations:

WHO received and responded 2 alerts, 1 each of C. Leishmaniasis and suspected Measles. There were 3,267 consultations provided through health care provider, including acute respiratory infection (15.3% or 500 cases), acute diarrhea (7.1% or 233 cases), skin infection (2% or 61 cases) and suspected malaria (3.5% or 114 cases).

Coordination:

Health & WASH cluster meetings take place once a week on every Wednesday in Jalozai attended by partners from health (Merlin, CAMP, CERD, FATA Health, GiZ, AGEGB, IR, CTC, UNICEF), WASH, Nutrition, Food and CCM clusters working in the camp where issues are discussed and decisions are taken on the spot to address any loop holes in the health response for containment and control of disease outbreaks in the camp.

The thirtieth camp health cluster coordination meeting of Jalozai IDP camp was held on Wednesday June, 27th, 2012, at J-3 health post of Merlin. The meeting was chaired by WHO. FATA Health Team, Merlin, CAMP, CERD, Oxfam GB, AGEGB representing GiZ, HRDS, SSD, EHSAR and DoH representatives attended the meeting.

Merlin and TB control program FATA is in process of negotiating to shift TB Center to a Merlin health facility.

The planned SNIDs in the camp from 25th to 28th June and 2nd to 5th July were cancelled. The SNIDs from 16th to 19th July is in the plan. In camp health cluster meeting it was informed that daily register is provided to the EPI. Now the EPI only needs EPI vaccination cards and permanent registers.

On June 28th, a team of Rehman Medical Institute with the permission of PDMA and support of Merlin started vaccination of influenza vaccine in health facilities of Merlin and adjacent tents. Merlin observed that the cold chain is not maintained and the vaccine is carried to the tents in shoppers with some ice in it. EPI coordinator informed and vaccination was stopped. A meeting was conducted with the RMI team. DoH and EPI coordinator has no information about this vaccination. The expiry date on the vaccines was July 2012.

Environmental Health:

WHO held coordination meeting with WASH partner Oxfam GB and its IP Lasoona in camp. Total consensus was being developed between WHO & OGB for supporting each other and working as a team in the camp so that the

affected community can be served in the best possible way. WHO had offered Lasoona any kind of training which they might need to train their staff, i.e. on health and hygiene promotion, water quality testing.

There are total of 92 disabled cases in the camp, for which OGB through its IP Lasoona is planning to build 81 special washrooms throughout the camp.

Tube well for new phases i.e. 7 & 8 will start functioning from first week of July, 2012 it has been delayed due to some problems in connections which came out during testing.

WHO had asked WASH partner SSD to wash water storage tanks in new phases i.e. 7 & 8 before the tube well gets functional and water is supplied through pipe network.

WHO tested 8 water samples for residual chlorine both at sources and at user ends, 5 samples were found to have residual chlorine within the required limits while for the rest 3 samples chlorine dose was adjusted.

So far WHO has tested 825 water samples for residual chlorine, out of which more than 90% of samples have shown residual chlorine and for the rest chlorine dose was adjusted accordingly.

WHO tested 5 samples for microbiological contamination and all samples were found fit for drinking with no contamination.

In total WHO has tested 172 samples for microbiological contamination, out of which less than 2 % of samples showed contamination at consumers' end probably due to improper handling, for which chlorine dose was adjusted.

Essential Medicines:

WHO conducted monitoring visits to CAMP Organization's health facility No. 2, J-3 and health facility of FATA at Jalozai camp. At FATA health facility, storage conditions found very poor as no cooling system were found at the pharmacy. No pallets and cleanliness observed at the facility. Overall conditions of storage, record keeping and patient counselling found satisfactory at J-3 supported by Merlin and health facility at phase 7 supported by CAMP organization. 45 meglumine Antimoniate Injections delivered to Merlin for 9 reported patients of Leishmaniasis.

B. Togh Sarai" IDP camp, Hangu district

Total of 1159 families with 5821 individuals are residing in the camp. CERD and WHO providing health care services to the IDPs.

WHO conducted two days training on Health Care Waste Management to PDH staff of district Hangu on 25th and 26th June, 2012 at EDO-Health office. 25 participants were successfully trained.

10 out of 18 health facilities reported to WHO via e DEWS. WHO DEWS report that other Acute Diarrhea is the highest cause of morbidity (14% or 97 cases) of total of 699 consultations; acute respiratory infection (13.3% or 93 cases); skin infection (1.4% or 10 cases).

C. Situation in Tank district

WHO participated in two days training workshop on Measles campaign in Peshawar on 28th & 29th June 2012. The workshop was jointly organized by EPI & WHO. WHO trained Rapid Response teams of district Tank. These teams will respond to AWD and Dengue emergence in order to curtail the outbreaks. After discussion with Deputy EDO H, various sentinel sites were nominated for the teams. District authorities requested WHO to train other health care providers in the district on the same guidelines.

UNFPA is supporting one center at DHQ hospital Tank and other in RHC Ama Khel.

WHO discussed Measles cases and poor vaccination status in village Daudkhel with EPI Coordinator.

WHO responded C. Leishmaniasis reported from village Dabarra. Active surveillance was conducted and no more cases were found in the village.

D. Situation in D I Khan district

30 reports were received by WHO through e DEWS. WHO received and responded 10 alerts of Measles. WHO conducted monitoring visits to Rata Kulachi, PUSHA Village, Thoya Fazil and Baran Abad for alerts response. WHO is regularly monitoring the outreach activities of EPI during routine immunization.

WHO participated in two days training workshop to launch Mass Immunization Campaign in FATA, FR Bannu, and FR D I Khan & FR Tank at PC hotel Peshawar. The workshop was arranged by Federal & Provincial EPI & WHO. WHO will deliver training on control & prevention of AWD/Cholera & Dengue Fever to the staff of FATA (SWA & NWA), FR regions of Bannu, Lakki and Tank & D I Khan on 6th & 7th July 2012 at National Club, D I KHAN.

PRCS will continue its PHC services at CD Nai Wela. PRCS is providing training exercises to community volunteers on Disaster Risk Management and Flood response.

WHO provided training on HCWM (Health Care Waste Management) to the staff of BHU PUSHA & BHU GAMBILA, which is run by UNHCR on 25th & 26th June 2012.

E. New Durrani" IDP camp, Kurram Agency

UNFPA is providing reproductive health services in the camp.

F. Situation in Kohat district

WHO conducted 2 days Health Care Waste training at Liaqat Memorial Hospital.

WHO conducted 2 days Rapid Response training at Liaqat Memorial Hospital.

District health authorities has requested for Bed nets.

35 out of 43 health facilities in district Kohat provided eDEWS data.

WHO was informed by contractor responsible for civil construction under SFD at Liaqat Memorial hospital that remaining work will start soon.

eDEWS:

KPK eDEWS:

299 reports were received reporting 87,345 patient consultations in 13 districts of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Province and remaining district reports will share on Tuesday. Acute respiratory infections are the highest cause of morbidity (17.1% or 14,909 cases) showing 1.5% decrease in percentage; acute diarrhoea (11% or 9,531 cases); skin infection (2.3% or 2,017 cases); suspected malaria (2.5% or 2,189 cases).

FATA eDEWS:

37 reports were received reporting 13,326 patient consultations in 2 agencies of FATA. Acute respiratory infections are the highest cause of morbidity (10.3% or 1,371 cases) showing 1% decrease; acute diarrhoea (8% or 1,046

cases); skin infection (1.3% or 171 cases); suspected malaria (9.5% or 1,272 cases).

Alerts:

- WHO received and responded a total of 38 alerts including 4 outbreaks. 35 were suspected measles, 1 was BD, 1 was Enteric Fever and 1 was Leishmaniasis. All cases reported were properly investigated and responded by WHO team.
- **District Wise alert received:**
- **Measles:** Abbottabad (2), Charsadda (4), Haripur (14), Khyber Agency (1), Manshera (7), Nowshera (1), Shangla (2) and Swat (4).
- **BD:** Manshera (1)
- **Enteric Fever:** Haripur (1)
- **Leishmaniasis:** Nowshera (11)

DTCs:

- EHSAR Foundation supports DTC center with the support of WHO in Pabbi satellite hospital district Nowshera. A total of 166 patients were consulted DTC center in District Nowshera, out of these 104 were of type A, 40 were of type B and 22 were of type C.

Rapid Response Trainings:

- WHO conducted two days training of Rapid Response Team for AWD/Cholera from six districts of Hazara Division on 28th and 29th June 2012 in Abbottabad. Sixty three participants were trained comprising of 11 rapid response teams. EDO Health Abbottabad and Deputy Director Public health Dr Zia Hussain inaugurated the session. DCO Abbottabad chaired the closing session on day two. WHO was appreciated for their support.

Essential Medicines:

- WHO conducted 8 monitoring and 3 follow up visits in districts Dir Lower, Kohat, Mardan, Tank, Swat, Nowshera and D. I. Khan. During these monitoring visits gaps regarding irrational use, storage of essential medicines, record keeping, safe disposal of expired drugs and stock outs identified generally. WHO provided hands on trainings to the concerned staff of health facilities.
- WHO conducted two days capacity building training on management of OAD/Dengue at Kohat, Mardan, Dir Upper and Dir Lower in which 79 participants trained. 33 participants were trained on "waste management and safe disposal of expired drugs at Mardan & Hangu.
- WHO responded 5 Measles alerts, 60 Leishmaniasis and 1 Dengue alerts at swat, Nowshera and Tank by providing Vitamin A, Paracetamol syrup and Meglumine Antimoniate injections.
- WHO held 10 coordination meetings with different stake holders including MS DHQH, EDOHs, PPHI, EPI Coordinators, Executive Director FPHC and Malteser. In coordination meetings Monsoon contingency plan, trainings & implementation of LSS, RUM, Cold Chain Management and DTC establishment were discussed.
- WHO provided 2 types of assorted medicines to Kohat which are approximately sufficient for 1000 patients. WHO delivered 290 Meglumine Injections to EDOH Nowshera for 58 patients and 1 Diarrhoea treatment Package delivered to DTC Pabbi.
- WHO conducted coordination meetings with AS Mohmand and MS AHQ Ghallanei in which Polio monitoring results of missed area and infusions need assessment discussed respectively.
- WHO conducted monitoring visits to RHC Ekkaghund, AHQ pharmacy Ghallanei, CHC Wazir Kalay, BHU Mian Morcha and Baru khel area Mohmand agency in regards to essential medicines availability, storage practices, use of limited shelf life items and polio vaccination in missed area.
- WHO responded Measles outbreak by conducting mass measles campaign in Bara Dara Tehsil Mulagori Khyber agency. Total of 107 children vaccinated and 9 affected children were provided Vitamin A.
- WHO delivered 3 EHKS (sufficient for approximately 18000 population/month) to Orakzai agency, while, 600 infusions (200 normal saline and 400 dextrose) provided to AHQ Khar Bajour agency.

Environmental Health:

- **District Peshawar:**

- Series of trainings are planned by WHO and WASH Cluster for TMA and PHED in 13 districts of KPK and FATA.

- WHO held meeting with UNOPS engineers to discuss the issues related to reconstruction and rehabilitation of health facilities included in Saudi fund for development.

- **District Swat:**

- Total 25 TMA tube wells were tested by WHO for residual chlorine on 26th and 27th June 2012. Auto chlorinators are installed on main sources but found that most of the chlorinators are non functional due to non-availability of Liquid chlorine. WHO conducted meeting with Chief officer TMA on 28th June 2012 to make these chlorinators functional through provision of liquid chlorine.

- WHO visited CH Kalam, CH Madyan and BHU Bahrain on 29th June 2012 to assess the WASH facilities and Health Care Waste Management system of these health units. On job training of staff was done on HCWM and water quality improvement.

- **District Haripur:**

- WHO conducted one day training on Health Care Waste management and infection control for 19 health staff of Save the Children afghan refugees camps and 8 health staff of CWS Afghan refugees camps District Mansehra. The 2nd batch will be trained in next week.

- WHO conducted two days training for rapid response teams on AWD alert and outbreaks response in Hazara division .

- **District Charsadda:**

- WHO on request of DHQ hospital management conducted 2 days on job session to hospital staff on standard procedures of total disinfection using various concentrations of chlorine, hospital waste management and infection control in hospital environment on 25th-26th June, 2012 organized in DHQ hospital Charsadda. 10 participants including sanitary workers ward boys and charge nurses took part in this activity.

- WHO conducted meeting with TMO Charsadda on 25th June, 2012 regarding the water testing lab in Charsadda established by WHO. The TMO requested WHO to expedite the process of organizing the due training of lab staff and functioning of lab on time within the best public interest of the district.

- WHO is closely monitoring auto-chlorinators installed on different water supply schemes in district Charsadda. 22 water samples from source and consumer end were tested for residual chlorine in which 70% of the samples were found to have minimum residual chlorine according to WHO recommended chlorine level. Liquid chlorine supplies are urgently needed for all these units to be provided for safe water provision to the targeted communities in district Charsadda.

- WHO tested 5 water samples for microbial testing from UC Agra. All the water samples were tested for PH, turbidity and faecal contamination. 100% samples were found safe for human consumption.

- **District Mardan:**

- WHO Conducted meeting with coordinator National Program, during meeting role of LHWs in alert/outbreak response was discussed, though in some areas they are already reporting alerts/outbreak from their catchment population, He insured their full involvement in all the related activities of DEWS and also requested WHO to participate in their monthly review meetings with LHSs.

- Routine monitoring visit was conducted to DHQ Mardan, Mardan Medical Complex and BHU Mian Kaly, large size IEC brochures were displayed on different sites in the health facilities, hand sanitizers, soaps, pure sachets and booklets on water purification in emergency were provided to health staff and LHWs. A detailed health and hygiene session was conducted to LHWs of UC Mian kaly in response to communicable diseases.

- WHO conducted sessions on “infection control measures” during RRT (Rapid Response Training) for AWD and Dengue on 25th and 26th June 2012 at EDO-H office Distt Mardan. Total of 27 DoH staff from Distt Mardan and Swabi participated in the two day training activity.

- WHO Conducted 2 days training on Health Care Waste Management supported by UNHCR for Afghan refugees camps health staff of Distt Chitral on 29th & 30th June at UNHCR Office Drosh Chitral. Total 6 health staff from Afghan Refugee Camp participated in the training sessions.

- **Dir Lower and Upper:**
- WHO provided 680000 thousand aqua tabs of 33 mg (10 L/tab) to EDO-H for 6 RHC's of Dir upper . Two spray pumps, 12000 aqua tab of .65 gram and 12 frame of IEC material were also provided to DHQ Dir upper by WHO.

Nutrition:

- WHO conducted visit to Charsadda Stabilization center and Sentinel sites to monitor their activities.
- WHO conducted visit to Mardan NSC and Sentinel sites for monitoring and evaluation of their nutrition activities.
- WHO facilitated the visit of Yemen MoH officials and WHO Country Office Officials,. WHO updated the mission on Nutrition activities in the province from Nutrition Cell DoH.
- WHO conducted visit to the NSC in Lady Reading Hospital Peshawar. Meeting held with NSC in charge and interviews with patients and attendants.
- WHO conducted visit to NSC Mardan Medical Complex. Understanding of the working of NSC and interviews with NSC Incharge and nurses.
- WHO conducted visit to Health and Nutrition Sentinel Site Surveillance System, Sentinel Site at THQ TakhtaBai, Mardan. Meeting was held with MO at the sentinel site and LHS.
- Coordination meeting held with Focal Person FEPRU regarding the nominations for SAM training for Agency Head Quarter hospital Mohmand Agency.
- WHO conducted coordination with Director FATA regarding the nominations for SAM training for AHQ Hospital Mohmand Agency.

District level coordination & monitoring:

Shangla: WHO conducted meeting with the community of Village Pagorai. The villagers requested WHO to provide help for designing and proper functioning of the main water supply. WHO will provide the support. WHO conducted meeting with DSM PPHI on the issue of AWD contingency and intravenous fluid stocks. It was decided that WHO will extend its help keeping in view the stocks at Hub level. WHO held meeting with Army officials on the issue of Measles outbreak at UC Butyal. WHO briefed the army officials on the latest reports and achievements of DOH in the past 1 week. Army appreciated the steps taken and extended their support for any assistance if required. WHO conducted meeting with EDOH for health and WATSAN working group meeting. It was decided that the meeting will be held on 4th June 2012 at District head quarters. WHO held meeting with DCO, EDOH and ACO for pre DEPEC preparations. WHO conducted monitoring visits to BHU Mian kelay, Martung , THQ Besham. WHO received and responded a total of 02 alerts (Measles).

Swat: WHO received and responded 5 cases of suspected Measles. WHO conducted coordination meeting with EDO Health Swat, EPI Coordinator Swat and MS Saidu Group of Teaching Hospital. WHO conducted monitoring visit to CH Kabal, BHU Qambar, BHU Bandai, BHU Dherai and SGTH.

Haripur: WHO received and responded 15 alerts. WHO conducted training of Rapid Response teams from EDO (H) office and DHQ in Abbottabad. WHO conducted training of EPI technicians on improvement of routine immunization, preliminary field investigation and cluster taking . WHO visited 4 health facilities (DHQ, CD Kot Najibullah, BHU Bagra, CD KTS4). WHO DEWS recorded ARI 19% with decrease of 0% compared to previous week remained the major cause of morbidity both in hosting and Afghan refugee population in Haripur followed by diarrhoea 10% with 1% decrease compared to previous week and scabies 2% with no change in its proportional morbidity.

Mardan: WHO conducted meeting with coordinator EPI on 27 June 2012 at EPI coordinator office regarding routine immunization and micro plan revision for coming SNID, EPI coordinator, PEO and all FSVs participated in the meeting, during meeting, areas with low routine immunization coverage were identified by WHO and requested for outreach immunization vaccination in these areas by concerned EPI technicians and LHWs. WHO conducted routine monitoring visit to DHQ Mardan, Mardan Medical Complex and BHU Mian Kaly (Fazalabad .

Apart from DEWS activities and on job training of health staff a detail session was conducted to LHWs of UC Mian kaly in response to measles outbreak. WHO received and responded 2 suspected Measles alerts from village Manga and Mian kalay including 1 outbreak and 2 C-Leishmaniasis alerts from Baizo Kharkai, all the reported alerts/ outbreak were responded jointly with DoH and PPHI, during response all the required interventions were carried out. In response to Measles outbreak reported from UC Mian Kalay, detailed sessions with LHW's were conducted in BHU Mian Kala.

Lower Dir & Upper: WHO arranged 2 days training for rapid response teams of AWD from district Dir Lower and Upper, total number of participants was 12, including 4 female and 8 male. Topics for training were case management of acute watery diarrhea, standard treatment guidelines for the treatment of AWD, Fluids requirements in the treatment of AWD and Dengue fever. WHO conducted monitoring visits to DHQ Dir upper, DHQ Timargara and CD Koto Dir lower.

Charsadda: WHO visited BHU Baz Mian, BHU Rajjar, CD Turangzai, CD Charsadda Khas and DHQ hospital. Registers checked and on job orientation of the facility incharges regarding eDEWS was done. DEWS data was submitted by 45 health facilities. WHO received and responded 4 measles alerts. WHO conducted coordination meeting with EDO health and EPI coordinator regarding notification of each and every case of suspected measles by THQ Tangi hospital.

Manshera: WHO received and responded 8 alerts, out of which 7 were for Measles and one for Bloody Diarrhoea. One alert of Bloody Diarrhoea (BD) reported from BHU Dharyal by WMO, two cases of Bloody Diarrhoea came in OPD and on history they told more cases of BD present in the area, WHO visited the area and found total 9 cases of BD with Gastro enteritis, sample taken and sent to NID, health and hygiene session conducted and Soap distributed in the affected community for the improvement of personal Hygiene WHO held coordination meeting with EDO H and EPI Coordinator regarding rise in Measles cases, strengthening of outreach activities decided and planning for monitoring of these activities. WHO trained EPI staff in three session in the district for routine and SIAs with the support of DoH. WHO conducted two days training conducted for Rapid Response teams (RRT) for AWD from 6 Districts of Hazara Division on 28/6/12 to 29/6/12 at PC Hotel Abbottabad. Total 60 health officials were trained, provincial and district health managers were present in the training. WHO conducted visit to DHQ Hospital, BHU Sandesar, BHU Bherkund, BHU Dharyal, BHU Pano Dheri and CH Battalion for DEWS strengthening and to find out alerts of epidemic prone diseases. ARI case decreasing while case of Diarrhoea is increasing due to seasonal variation.

Swabi: WHO conducted training for the Rapid Response team at EDO H Office on 25th and 26th June, 2012. 24 participants were properly trained. WHO attended area incharges training regarding polio campaign monitoring on 27th June, 2012. WHO explained participants the case definitions and how to investigate and response. WHO clarify the role of EPI tech and its importance. WHO visited 10 health facilities for DEWs reporting and to check alerts.

Mohmand: WHO conducted monitoring visits to 6 health facilities AHQ Ghalanai, RHC Yakaghund, BHU Lakaro, BHU Momad gat, CD Nasapai and CD Akhunzadgan. WHO held coordination meeting with Agency surgeon regarding nomination of staff for RRT training to be conducted on 2nd & 3rd July in Peshawar, Agency surgeon was also informed about shortage of medicines in RHC Yakaghund. WHO conducted coordination meeting with MS AHQ Ghalanai regarding nomination of staff for RRT. MS requested WHO Pharmacist for provision of infusions. WHO monitored Polio redo in Baru khel area along PEO, later on in a coordination meeting with FSMO results of redo were shared with FSMO. WHO participated in TOT for upcoming phase 4 of Measles campaign. WHO conducted on job training to CD Akhunzadgan & CD Nasapai staff on alert & outbreak reporting & response.

Khyber Agency: WHO received and responded one Measles outbreak. WHO vaccinated 107 children during mass measles campaign. WHO conducted visit with UN Delegation to Jamrud for the assessment of IDPs of Tirah Kokikhel tribe. WHO participated in coordination meeting for mass measles vaccination campaign in FATA, FR regions and two left over districts (Malakand and Chitral) in PC Peshawar. The proposed dates for measles campaign in these areas are from 24th September to 29th September 2012. WHO conducted coordination

meetings with Agency Surgeon, FSMO and PPHI. WHO conducted monitoring visit to CH Lowara Mina, CD Pindi Lalma, BHU Kambila, BHU Mian Morcha and CHC Wazir Muhammad killi.

Bajaur Agency: WHO received and responded 3 alerts. Among these 1 each for suspected Measles, suspected Leishmaniasis and Neonatal Tetanus. WHO conducted monitoring visit to 3 health facilities, feedback shared with Agency Surgeon and EPI Coordinator. WHO attended one day Measles planning workshop for FATA and some districts of KPK at PC Hotel Peshawar along with EPI Coordinator of Bajaur Agency. WHO conducted joint monitoring visit of renovation works at AHQ Bajaur along with MS of AHQ Hospital. WHO engineers are handling this work. WHO conducted coordination meeting with MS and DMS of AHQ Hospital regarding renovation work and distribution of Dettol soaps in wards and OTs.

Logistic:

The following supplies were supplied from WHO KP warehouse to:

MOHMAND AGENCY	20 Meglumine Antimonite Injection
NOWSHERA	<p>EDO(H) 290 Meglumine Antimonite Injections.</p> <p>EHSAR FOUNDATION DTC PABBI 50 Gloves, 50 IV cannula 18 gauge, 50 IV cannula 22 gauge, 2800 ors, 100 Volumetric chamber, 3 Chlorhexidine Gluconate Solution 5%, 700 Doxycycline 100mg oral capsule, 100 Examination Gloves, 50 Face Masks, 50 Gloves, 100 Iv cannula 20 gauge, 588 Metronidazole 400 mg Tabs, 10 Stomach Tube 18 fr, 100 Sulfamethoxazole +Trimetho 50ml Syrup, 2000 Sulfamethoxazole +Trimetho 400mg Tabs, 60 Surgical Tape, 10000 Zinc Sulphate Tabs.</p> <p>MERLIN JALozAI CAMP 45 Meglumine Antimonite Injection</p>
PESHAWAR	<p>LADY READING HOSPITAL 1000 Retinol 2000iu Tabs.</p> <p>IDH HOSPITAL 1000 Retinol 200iu Tabs</p>
EDO(H) BATTAGRAM	2 DD kits 12000 Aqua tabs 0.65mg, 38000 Aqua Tabs 67mg, 100 Hygiene Kits